# Higgsless models

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#### b) by Dark Matter

many models, minimality?

- Higgsless models = models without scalar boson with coupling to WW,ZZ, its role played by new heavy vector bosons
- Technicolor 1<sup>st</sup> example
- Recently Higgsless models in 5d

This talk: low-energy effective description of Higgsless models

- Key to Higgsless models: unitarity in longitudinal WW scattering
- Equivalently: Goldstone boson scattering



EWSB example 1: standard Higgs

$$|D_{\mu}H|^{2} + \lambda (|H|^{2} - v^{2})^{2}$$
 v=174 GeV

#### EWSB example 2: Goldstones-only

- Cross out Higgs boson from all vertices
- Equivalently: Take  $\lambda \rightarrow \infty$ . Higgs absolute value freezes:  $|H|^2 = v^2$

$$H = U \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v \end{pmatrix}, \quad UU^{\dagger} = 1, \quad U = \exp\left(irac{\sqrt{2}}{v}\pi^{a}T^{a}\right)$$
 SU(2) generators

• Elastic  $2 \rightarrow 2$  scattering of Goldstones  $\pi^a$ :

$${1\over v^2}arepsilon^{abe}arepsilon^{cde}(\partial_\mu\pi^a\pi^b)(\partial_\mu\pi^c\pi^d)$$

 $\left| A \propto \frac{s}{v^2} \right| =>$  unitarity exceeded at  $\sqrt{s} \sim 1$  TeV

• Putting Higgs boson back in restores unitarity:

$$- \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}v}h(\partial\pi^a)^2$$

$$A_{\rm tot} \propto \frac{M_h^2}{v^2} \frac{s}{M_h^2 - s} \rightarrow {\rm const}$$

Restoring unitarity with vector bosons

vertex: 
$$\frac{g_s}{2} \varepsilon^{abc} (\partial_\mu \pi^a \pi^b) V^c_\mu$$

• 4-Goldstone vertex is `dissolved' into exchanges of new massive vector bosons:



• V-bosons are quite narrow:

$$\frac{\Gamma_{V}}{M_{V}} = 0.04 \left(\frac{M_{V}}{1 \text{ TeV}}\right)^{2}$$
0.5 for Higgs boson

Mass above 1 TeV allowed?
 ρ-meson scaled up from QCD gives V-bosons at 2 TeV!

Model building: Goldstones only, once again

•  $SU(2)_L xSU(2)_R \longrightarrow SU(2)_{L+R}$  breaking is realized by 2x2 matrix:

$$egin{array}{c} \Sigma 
ightarrow L \Sigma R^{\dagger} \ \hline \langle \Sigma 
angle = \left( egin{array}{c} 1 & 0 \ 0 & 1 \end{array} 
ight) \ \hline \mathscr{L}_{
m EWSB} = egin{array}{c} 1 & 0 \ 0 & 1 \end{array} 
ight) \ \hline \end{array}$$

$${\mathscr L}_{
m EWSB}=rac{v^2}{2}|\partial_\mu {\pmb \Sigma}|^2, ~~~~ {\pmb \Sigma} {\pmb \Sigma}^\dagger=1$$

• Coupling of EWSB sector to SM via gauging:



#### Simplest Higgsless model (3-SITE MODEL)



$$\mathscr{L}_{\mathrm{EWSB}} = v^{2} \mathrm{Tr} |D_{\mu} \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{1}|^{2} + v^{2} \mathrm{Tr} |D_{\mu} \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{2}|^{2}$$

$$egin{aligned} D_{\mu} \mathbf{\Sigma}_{1} &= \partial_{\mu} \mathbf{\Sigma}_{1} - i \hat{W}_{\mu} \mathbf{\Sigma}_{1} + i \mathbf{\Sigma}_{1} \hat{V}_{\mu} \ D_{\mu} \mathbf{\Sigma}_{2} &= \partial_{\mu} \mathbf{\Sigma}_{2} - i \hat{V}_{\mu} \mathbf{\Sigma}_{2} + i \mathbf{\Sigma}_{2} T_{3} B_{\mu} \end{aligned}$$

• In this model the gauge bosons are slightly heavier than optimal:  $M_V = \sqrt{2}g_s v$ 

=> Ampl. grows (although only  $\frac{1}{4}$  as fast) for  $\sqrt{s} >> M_V$  (unitarity not fully restored)

• Anomalous WWZ coupling:

 $(1+\xi)$ 

$$\xi = \frac{M_Z^2}{2M_V^2} < 3\% \quad \text{(LEP2)} \quad \Rightarrow \quad M_V > 400 \,\text{GeV}$$



#### Phenomenology

Expect 2 (W',Z') heavy vector bosons:

- mass  $M_V = 400 \text{ GeV} \div 2 \text{ TeV}$ , most likely around 1 TeV
- neutral slightly heavier than charged ;
- relatively narrow, width  $\frac{\Gamma_V}{M_V} = 0.04 \left(\frac{M_V}{1 \text{ TeV}}\right)^2$ • strongly coupled to longitudinal W,Z:  $g_s \approx \frac{M_V}{V}$ • coupling to light fermions only via mixing  $\approx g \frac{M_W}{M_V}$
- ⇒dominant model-independent production mode: VBF (DY suppressed; GF uncertain since coupling to top not predicted)

 $\Rightarrow$ dominant decay mode into two EW bosons: W' $\rightarrow$ WZ, Z'  $\rightarrow$ WW

Since  $Z' \rightarrow ZZ$  absent, will be easy to distinguish from heavy Higgs

see also Birkedal, Matchev, Perelstein (hep-ph/0412278) Azuelos, Delsart, Idarraga (hep-ph/0602198, LH-2005, w/detector simulation)

Parton-level study of Belyaev et al (arXiv:0708.2588)



sigma x BR for W' [fb]



$$pp \rightarrow W' qq \rightarrow WZqq \rightarrow qq3lv$$



$$E_{j} > 300 \,\text{GeV}, \, p_{Tj} > 30 \,\text{GeV}$$
  
 $\left| \eta_{j} \right| < 4.5, \, \left| \delta \eta_{jj} \right| > 4$   
 $p_{Tl} > 10 \,\text{GeV}, \, \left| \eta_{l} \right| < 2.5$ 

## LHC reach for DY di-lepton signature



- Decay and production are suppressed by x<sup>4</sup> compared to 'usual' PYTHIA Z' model
- One should be prepared to face with this scenario with very different Z'/W' features
  - Discovery reach for DY process is about 0.5-0.6 TeV (vs 3-5 TeV)
  - fermiophobic Z' required by EW data (vs SM-like Z'-fermions couplings)
  - Z'WW coupling is non-vanishing to provide unitarity (vs vanishing Z'WW vertex)

### Conclusions

Searches for charged heavy vector in Higgsless models are comparable to searching for a heavy Higgs in VBF

With 30 (80) 1/fb can cover the mass region <700 GeV (1 TeV)

Searching for neutral vector more challenging due to absence of 'gold-plated decay'  $Z' \rightarrow ZZ$