

Physics studies at the LHC with Phantom

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Phantom 1.0 is ready and has been used for the first preliminary analyses

First event generator for **complete** $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^4 \alpha_S^2)$ six-fermion studies at the LHC

Exact tree-level matrix elements

- no *production* \times *decay* approach
- *pure EW* and *EW+QCD* irreducible background for boson-boson scattering and Higgs search
- complete $6f$ LO predictions for top production

Phantom 1.0

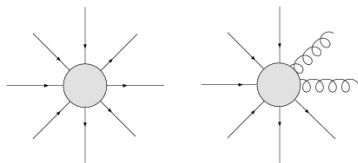
Ballestrero, Belhouari, GB, Maina

Dedicated six-fermion event generator for LHC studies

Extended to $p\bar{p}$ collisions

All Standard Model processes $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^4 \alpha_S^2)$

- $qq' \rightarrow 6f$
- $qq' \rightarrow 2g 4f$
- $qg \rightarrow 1g 5f$
- $gg \rightarrow 6f$



$f = \text{any fermion} \Rightarrow$ up to 6 quarks in the final state

New Physics (W.I.P.)

- alternative models of Electroweak Symmetry Breaking

Some technical features

User friendly

- Huge set of parton-level processes handled by a PERL script
- *One-shot*: unweighted events for *any number* of processes generated simultaneously

Efficient

- fast *modular* evaluation of amplitudes (PHACT)
- good coverage of phase-space via new *iterative-adaptive multichannel* approach (multichannel \oplus VEGAS), already used in PHASE 1.0 (Accomando, Ballestrero, Maina)

Les Houches ready

- new Les Houches Event File (LHEF) format – MC4LHC-06 [[hep-ph/0609017](#)]
- interfaced with pdf's via the Les Houches Accord PDF (LHAPDF) package

Physics potential

$$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6)$$

Phase 1.0 : $qq' \rightarrow 4q + l\nu$

\hookrightarrow Phantom 0.9 : $qq' \rightarrow \text{all } 6f$

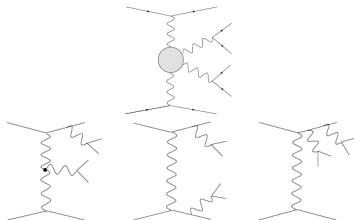
Holds the **signal** of

- Higgs production via Vector Boson Fusion $qqH \rightarrow qqVV$
- Vector Boson Scattering (VBS) $WW \rightarrow WW, WZ \rightarrow WZ\dots$
- three-boson production
- triple/quadruple-vertex EW interactions

together with all possible **EW irreducible background** from a six-fermion point of view.

example: VBS signal

Possible large interferences and gauge cancellations with *pure* EW irreducible background

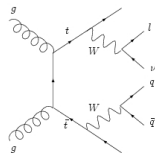
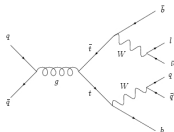


Physics potential

$$+ \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^4 \alpha_S^2)$$

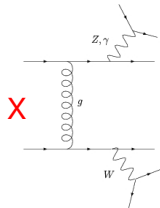
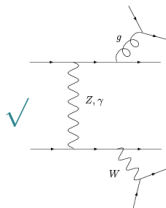
Phantom 1.0

Main top channel
and $WW + 2$ jets



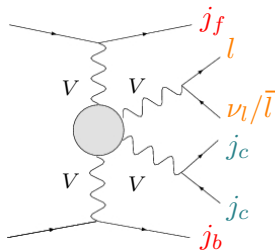
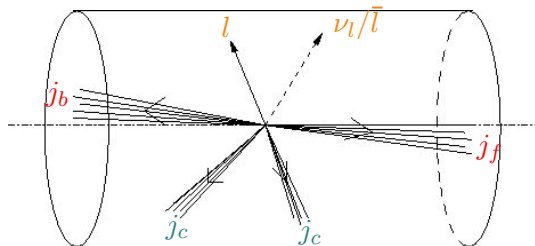
All ***EW+QCD*** irreducible background to the previous signals with one gluon exchange (and interferences)

Parton Shower MC does not approximate *all* contributions to the amplitude



Physics studies on Vector Boson Scattering

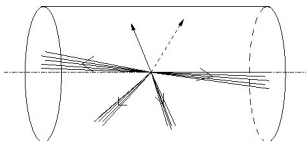
Typical **VBS signature**: two forward/backward *tag* jets + two central jets and leptons



$M_{j_c j_c l l}$ = invariant mass of two most central jets + leptons

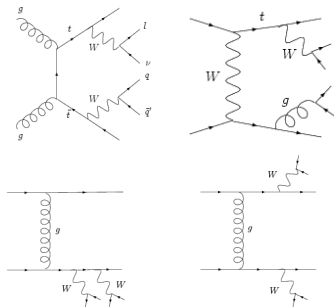
- holds the information about M_{VV} , i.e. the CM energy in VBS
- *light* Higgs \Rightarrow sharp peak in $d\sigma/dM_{j_c j_c l l}$
- *heavy* Higgs or alternative scenario \Rightarrow discrepancies with SM predictions at high $M_{j_c j_c l l}$

Enhance signal



- cut on the **pseudorapidity** of the two **forward/backward jets** (η_{j_f}, η_{j_b})
- cut on the **invariant mass** of the **central jets** ($M_{j_c j_c}$)

Suppress backgrounds



- exploit ***b-tagging*** + cuts on invariant mass to avoid top contributions
- cut on p_T and **pseudorapidity of the lepton pair** ($\eta_{l\nu}$)
- cut on the **invariant mass of leptons + tag jet** ($M_{j_f l\nu}, M_{j_b l\nu}$)

Physics analyses

Preliminary parton-level studies available: **semi-leptonic** ' l^+l^- '
and ' $l\nu$ ' final states

- $qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu^+ \mu^- \quad \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6)$
- $qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu \nu_\mu \quad \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6)$ and $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^4 \alpha_S^2)$

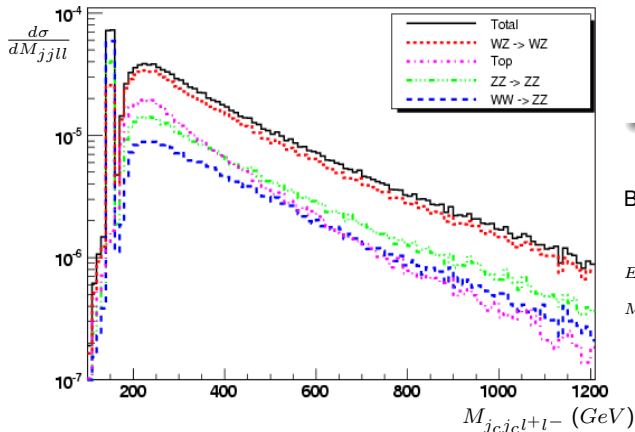
Analysed models

- ▶ Standard Model with light Higgs
- ▶ Standard Model with no Higgs
(benchmark scenario for New Physics)

The l^+l^- channel

$$pp \rightarrow qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu^+ \mu^-$$

$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6)$ invariant mass distribution of $\mu^+ \mu^- +$ two most central quarks



$$M_H = 150 \text{ GeV}$$

Basic acceptance cuts:

$$|\eta_l| < 3 \quad |\eta_j| < 5$$

$$E(j) > 30 \text{ GeV} \quad p_T(j) > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_{ll} > 20 \text{ GeV} \quad M_{jj} > 60 \text{ GeV}$$

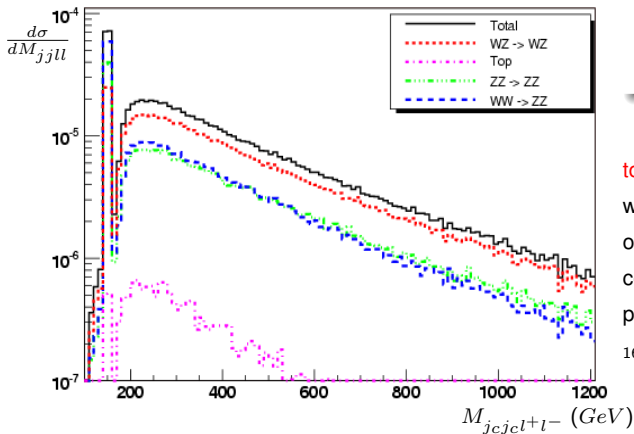
$$\Delta\eta_{jjb} > 3.8$$

pure EW Higgs irreducible background amounts to $\sim 5 - 10\%$

The l^+l^- channel

$$pp \rightarrow qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu^+ \mu^-$$

$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6)$ invariant mass distribution of $\mu^+ \mu^- +$ two most central quarks with *top veto*



$$M_H = 150 \text{ GeV}$$

top candidates: events with a b and two quarks of the right flavour combination to be produced in a W decay

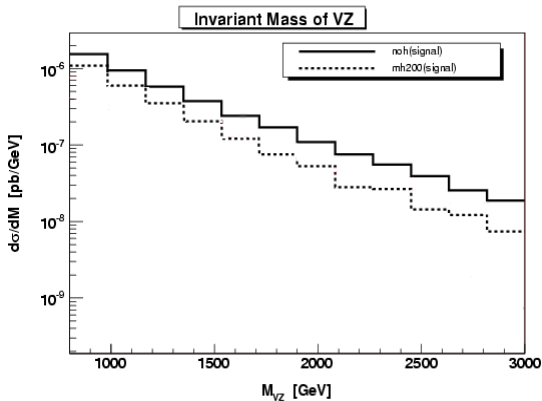
$$160 \text{ GeV} < M_{bqq} < 190 \text{ GeV}$$

The $WZ \rightarrow WZ$ set of diagrams gives the largest contribution

The l^+l^- channel

$$pp \rightarrow qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu^+ \mu^-$$

$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6)$ predictions in the high-invariant-mass region



no Higgs

VS

$$M_H = 200 \text{ GeV}$$

Basic acceptance cuts

Selection cuts:

$$81 \text{ GeV} < M(l\bar{l}) < 101 \text{ GeV}$$

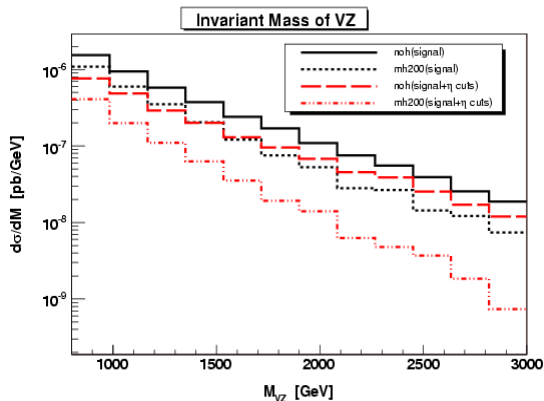
$$M(qq) = M_V \pm 10 \text{ GeV}$$

with flavour information

The l^+l^- channel

$$pp \rightarrow qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu^+ \mu^-$$

$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6)$ predictions in the high-invariant-mass region



no Higgs
VS
 $M_H = 200$ GeV

Basic acceptance cuts

Selection cuts:

$$81 \text{ GeV} < M(l\bar{l}) < 101 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M(qq) = M_V \pm 10 \text{ GeV}$$

with flavour information

$$|\eta(Z_{ll})| < 2 \quad |\eta(V_{qq})| < 2$$

Simple requirements of centrality of the final-state bosons enhance the difference between the two models

The l^+l^- channel

Effect of requiring a minimum ΔR separation among partons on the number of expected events ($\mathcal{L} = 100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

M_{cut}	NoHiggs	$M_H = 200 \text{ GeV}$	Ratio
800 GeV	40	16	2.50
900 GeV	32	11	2.91
1.0 TeV	25	8	3.13
$\Delta R = 0.4$			
800 GeV	23	12	1.92
900 GeV	15	8	1.88
1.0 TeV	10	5	2.00
$\Delta R = 0.5$			
800 GeV	15	10	1.50
900 GeV	10	6	1.66
1.0 TeV	6	4	1.50

- W's and Z's with high p_T are most likely to merge into one jet
- In case of light Higgs, vector boson distributions are less central

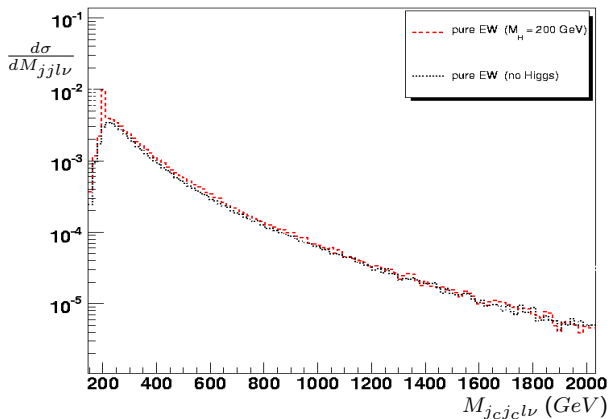
↪ A light Higgs scenario is less affected by ΔR cuts.

To evidentiante new physics low ΔR cuts should be studied

The $l\nu$ channel

$$pp \rightarrow qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu\nu_\mu$$

$\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6)$ predictions



no Higgs

vs

$M_H = 200$ GeV

Basic acceptance cuts:

$$E(l) > 20 \text{ GeV} \quad p_T(l) > 10 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta_l| < 3$$

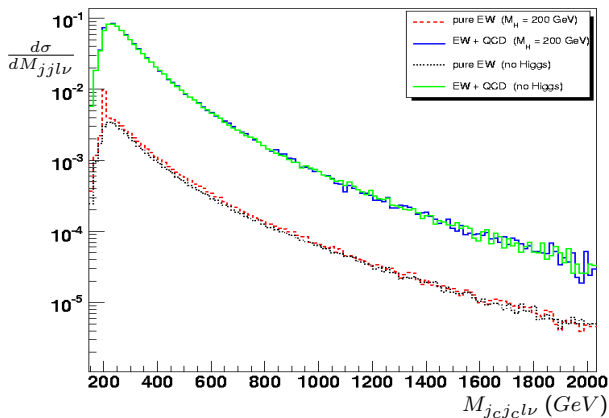
$$E(j) > 20 \text{ GeV} \quad p_T(j) > 10 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta_j| < 6.5 \quad m_{jj} > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

The $l\nu$ channel

$$pp \rightarrow qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu\nu_\mu$$

Comparison between $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6)$ and $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^4 \alpha_S^2)$ predictions



no Higgs
VS
 $M_H = 200 \text{ GeV}$

Basic acceptance cuts:

$$E(l) > 20 \text{ GeV} \quad p_T(l) > 10 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta_l| < 3$$

$$E(j) > 20 \text{ GeV} \quad p_T(j) > 10 \text{ GeV}$$

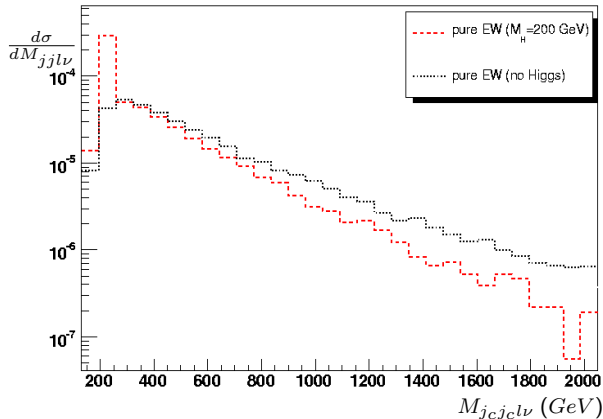
$$|\eta_j| < 6.5 \quad m_{jj} > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

No sensible difference at high $M_{j_c j_c l \nu}$ between the two scenarios without proper selection cuts!

The $l\nu$ channel

$$pp \rightarrow qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu\nu_\mu$$

Final $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6)$ result after applying selection cuts



no Higgs

vs

$M_H = 200$ GeV

events with no b quarks

$$70 \text{ GeV} \leq M_{jcjc} \leq 100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta_{j_f} - \eta_{j_b}| > 4$$

$$p_T(\mu\nu) > 100 \text{ GeV}$$

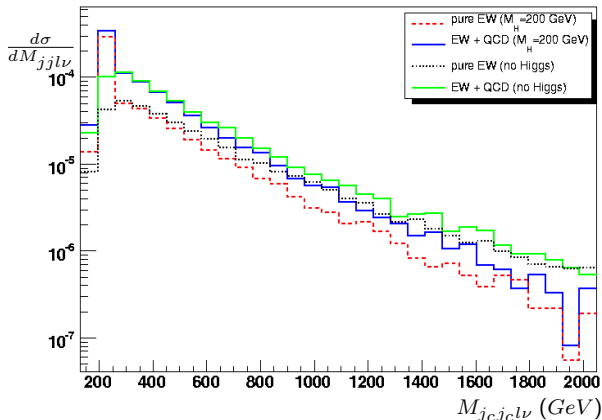
$$|\eta(\mu\nu)| \leq 2$$

$$\min(M_{j_f l\nu}, M_{j_b l\nu}) > 250 \text{ GeV}$$

The $l\nu$ channel

$$pp \rightarrow qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu\nu_\mu$$

Final $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^4 \alpha_S^2)$ result after applying selection cuts



no Higgs

vs

$M_H = 200$ GeV

events with no b quarks

$70 \text{ GeV} \leq M_{jcjc} \leq 100 \text{ GeV}$

$|\eta_{jf} - \eta_{jb}| > 4$

$p_T(\mu\nu) > 100 \text{ GeV}$

$|\eta(\mu\nu)| \leq 2$

$\min(M_{jf l\nu}, M_{jb l\nu}) > 250 \text{ GeV}$

Observable difference between no Higgs and $M_H = 200$ GeV:
ratio ~ 1.5 at $M_{jcjc l\nu} = 1 \text{ TeV}$

The $l\nu$ channel

Integrated cross sections in the *high*- $M_{j_c j_c l \nu}$ region

$M_H = 200 \text{ GeV}$

- $\int_{1 \text{ TeV}}^{\infty} dM_{j_c j_c l \nu} \frac{d\sigma}{dM_{j_c j_c l \nu}} \sim 2 \text{ fb}$

$\hookrightarrow \sim 200 \text{ events/year expected at } \mathcal{L} = 100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

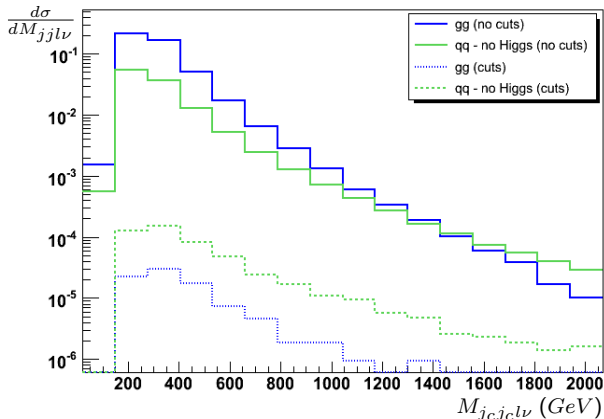
no Higgs

- $\int_{1 \text{ TeV}}^{\infty} dM_{j_c j_c l \nu} \frac{d\sigma}{dM_{j_c j_c l \nu}} \sim 3 \text{ fb}$

$\hookrightarrow \sim 300 \text{ events/year expected at } \mathcal{L} = 100 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

The $l\nu$ channel

Comparison between $gg \rightarrow 4q + \mu\nu_\mu$ and $qq' \rightarrow 4q + \mu\nu_\mu$
 $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^6) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha_{EM}^4 \alpha_S^2)$ contributions



Basic acceptance cuts:

$$E(l) > 20 \text{ GeV} \quad p_T(l) > 10 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta_l| < 3$$

$$E(j) > 20 \text{ GeV} \quad p_T(j) > 10 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta_j| < 6.5 \quad m_{jj} > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

Selection cuts:

b-tagging for $|\eta| < 1.5$ with

efficiency 0.8

$$70 \text{ GeV} \leq M_{jcjc} \leq 100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta_{jf} - \eta_{jb}| > 4 \quad |\eta(\mu\nu)| \leq 2$$

$$p_T(\mu\nu) > 100 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\min(M_{jf l\nu}, M_{jb l\nu}) > 250 \text{ GeV}$$

More realistic selection criteria based on *b*-tagging and invariant mass cuts are under study

New Physics

Work in progress

Beyond the Standard Model

Alternative models of Electroweak Symmetry Breaking

Without Higgs, the amplitude for $W_L W_L$ scattering grows indefinitely with CM energy \rightarrow violation of unitarity

Different models of constructing amplitudes which satisfy unitarity constraints from low-order amplitudes have been implemented in Phantom for $W_L W_L$ and are currently under test (Butterworth *et al.*, Chanowitz)

Future projects

Phenomenology

- **complete analysis** including processes with 2 *external gluons* (Phantom) and *boson + jets* background contribution (AlpGen)
- **more realistic studies in CMS** accounting for detector simulation and reconstruction (in collaboration with the Torino CMS group)
- **beyond the benchmark *no-Higgs scenario***: analysis of alternative models of EWSB

R&D

- Further optimization of the code
- **Extension to e^+e^- colliders**